2014 Air Quality Progress Report for North Down Borough Council

In fulfillment of the Environment (Northern Ireland) Order 2002 - Local Air Quality Management

June 2014

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Executive Summary

The Environment (Northern Ireland) Order 2002, requires North Down Borough Council to undertake Air Quality Reviews and Assessments in their local areas and to meet the local air quality targets and objectives set out in the UK National Air Quality Strategy (2000). The production of an annual air quality report is now a statutory duty for all local authorities. The process is set out in the Department of Environment's Local Air Quality Management Policy Guidance LAQM PGNI (03).

This report is prepared by the North Down Borough Council to meet its statutory obligations under the above regime and has been prepared using the recommended template. The report has been prepared in accordance with the policy guidance mentioned above and with the relevant technical guidance Local Air Quality Management (LAQM.TG(09)

The Borough of North Down is geographically one of the smallest Council areas in Northern Ireland, but is regarded as economically one of the wealthiest. Population has increased steadily over recent years and is now in the region of 79,500. Air Quality in North Down is generally good as there is good ventilation from sea breezes. There are few industrial processes in the area that are significantly detrimental to air quality and heavy fuel oil is not widely used for heat generation. However, there are a number of very busy trunk roads in the area the busiest being the A2 commuter route from Bangor to Belfast with average daily traffic flows of 44,000 vehicle movements per day at Holywood. The A2 has now been identified as the only area of concern with relation to Air Quality, for Nitrogen Dioxide and PM10. All monitoring sites are now located at relevant exposure along this main arterial route to Belfast., All present monitoring within the Borough indicates that the objectives in the air quality strategy are not currently being exceeded , and a detailed assessment is not required for any of the pollutants

Table of contents

Appendices

Appendix A: QA/QC Data

List of Tables

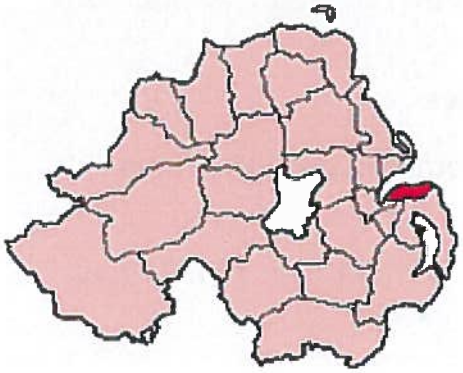
List of Figures

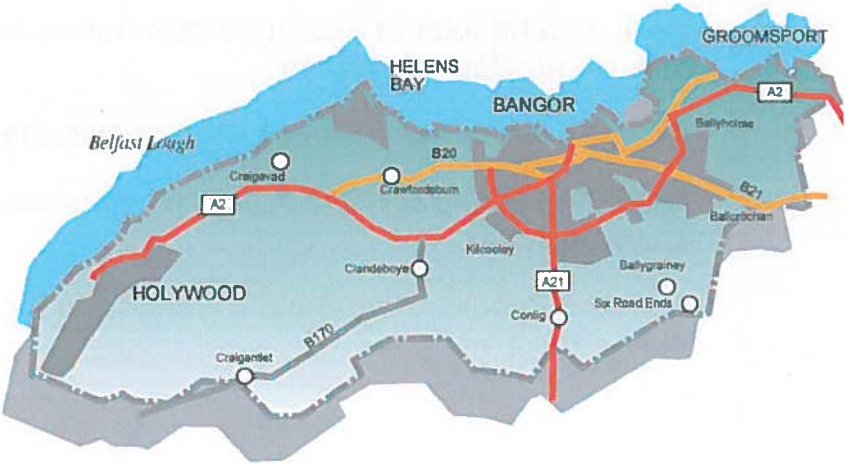
1 Introduction

1.1 Description of Local Authority Area

The Borough of North Down is geographically one of the smallest Council areas in Northern Ireland, but is regarded as economically one of the wealthiest. Population has increased steadily over recent years and is now in the region of 79,500.

Air Quality in North Down is generally good as there is good ventilation from sea breezes. There are few industrial processes in the area that are significantly detrimental to air quality and heavy fuel oil is not widely used for heat generation





There are a number of very busy trunk roads in the area as indicated on the above map. Much of the monitoring work in the area is in relation to NO_2 and PM_{10} at relevant locations particularly in relation to the A2 to Belfast between Ballyrobert and Holywood.

Studies in relation to solid fuel use were carried out in 2002 to assess the risk of exceeding the air quality objectives in relation to SO_2 and PM_{10}.

1.2 Purpose of Progress Report

Progress Reports are required in the intervening years between the three-yearly Updating and Screening Assessment reports. Their purpose is to maintain continuity in the Local Air Quality Management process.

They are not intended to be as detailed as Updating and Screening Assessment Reports, or to require as much effort. However, if the Progress Report identifies the risk of exceedence of an Air Quality Objective, the Local Authority (LA) should undertake a Detailed Assessment immediately, and not wait until the next round of Review and Assessment.

1.3 Air Quality Objectives

The air quality objectives applicable to LAQM in Northern Ireland are set out in the Air Quality Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2003, Statutory Rules of Northern Ireland 2003, no. 342, and are shown in Table 1.1. This table shows the objectives in units of microgrammes per cubic metre $\mu g/m^3$ (milligrammes per cubic metre, mg/m^3 for carbon monoxide) with the number of exceedences in each year that are permitted (where applicable).

Table 1.1 Air Quality Objectives included in Regulations for the purpose of Local Air Quality Management in Northern Ireland.

Pollutant	Concentration	Measured as	Date to be achieved by
Benzene	16.25 $\mu g/m^3$	Running annual mean	31.12.2003
	3.25 $\mu g/m^3$	Running annual mean	31.12.2010
1,3-Butadiene	2.25 $\mu g/m^3$	Running annual mean	31.12.2003
Carbon monoxide	10.0 mg/m^3	Running 8-hour mean	31.12.2003
Lead	0.5 $\mu g/m^3$	Annual mean	31.12.2004
	0.25 $\mu g/m^3$	Annual mean	31.12.2008
Nitrogen dioxide	200 $\mu g/m^3$ not to be exceeded more than 18 times a year	1-hour mean	31.12.2005
	40 $\mu g/m^3$	Annual mean	31.12.2005
Particles (PM10) (gravimetric)	50 $\mu g/m^3$, not to be exceeded more than 35 times a year	24-hour mean	31.12.2004
	40 $\mu g/m^3$	Annual mean	31.12.2004
Sulphur dioxide	350 $\mu g/m^3$, not to be exceeded more than 24 times a year	1-hour mean	31.12.2004
	125 $\mu g/m^3$, not to be exceeded more than 3 times a year	24-hour mean	31.12.2004
	266 $\mu g/m^3$, not to be exceeded more than 35 times a year	15-minute mean	31.12.2005

1.4 Summary of Previous Review and Assessments

North Down Borough Council has completed the following reviews and assessments of air quality in earlier rounds of the assessment process:

Stages Completed	*Exceedences Identified / Predicted*	*Areas Affected*	*AQMA's Declared*
Stage 1 2001	PM10, SO2, NO2	A2 Bangor to Belfast Road, Clandeboye Road Area.	No
Stage 2&3 2004	PM10, SO2, NO2	A2 Bangor to Belfast Road, Clandeboye Road Area.	No
Progress Report 2005	None	A2 Bangor to Belfast Road, Clandeboye Road Area.	No
USA 2006	None	A2 Bangor to Belfast Road, Clandeboye Road Area	No
Progress Report 2007	None	A2 Bangor to Belfast Road, Clandeboye Road Area	No
Progress Report 2008	NO2	A2 Bangor to Belfast Road,	No
USA 2009	None	A2 Bangor to Belfast Road,	No
Progress Report 2010	None	A2 Bangor to Belfast Road,	No
Progress Report 2011	None	A2 Bangor to Belfast Road,	No
USA 2012	None	A2 Bangor to Belfast Road,	No
Progress Report 2013	None	A2 Bangor to Belfast Road,	No

2 New Monitoring Data

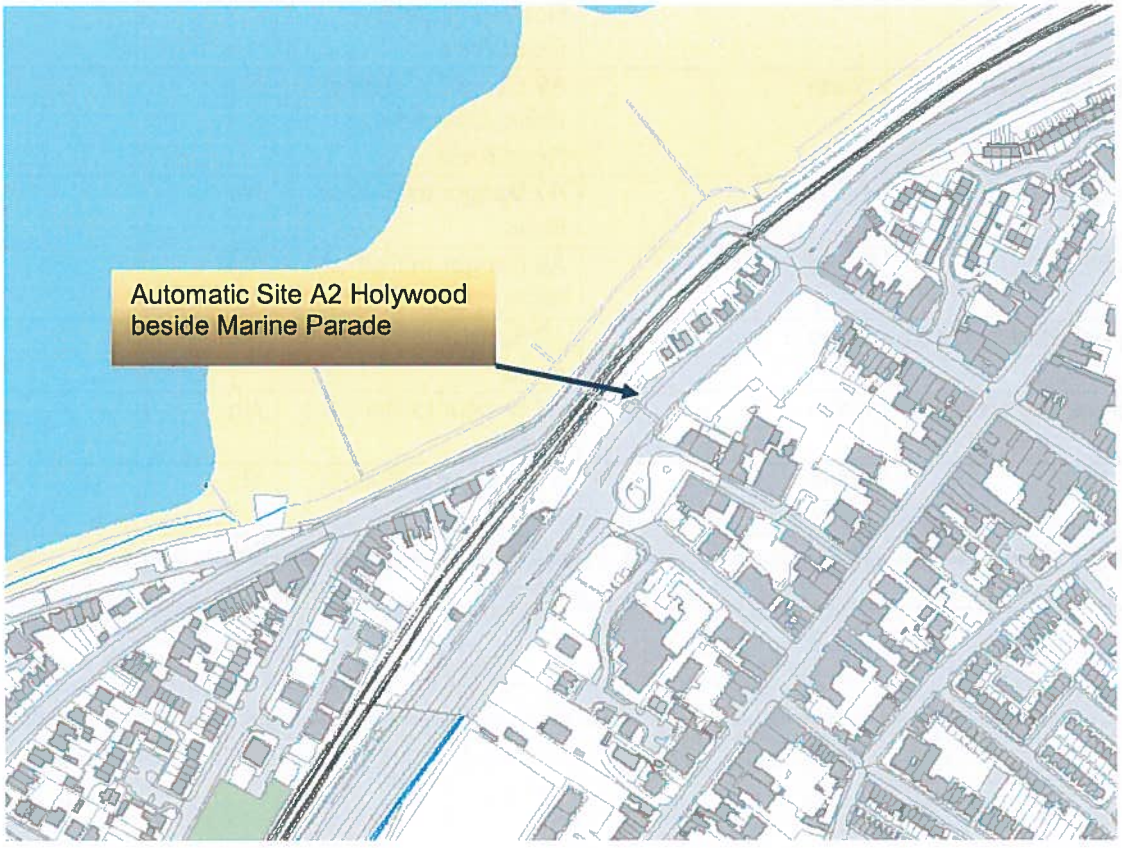
2.1 Summary of Monitoring Undertaken

2.1.1 Automatic Monitoring Sites

North Down Borough Council has one automatic site on the A2 Holywood, monitoring NO2 and PM10. AQDM (Air Quality Data Management) were contracted to carry out the QA/QC for the site and the site audits were carried out by NPL (National Physical Laboratory). This includes data handling, ratification of data and 6monthly site audits. The Eastern Group Air Quality technical officer visits the site on a weekly basis and calibrates the equipment on a fortnightly programme.

See Appendix A: Details of Quality Assurance and Quality Control

Figure 2.1 Map of Automatic Monitoring Site



Ariel photograph of the Automatic Station situated on the A2 at Marine Parade Holywood

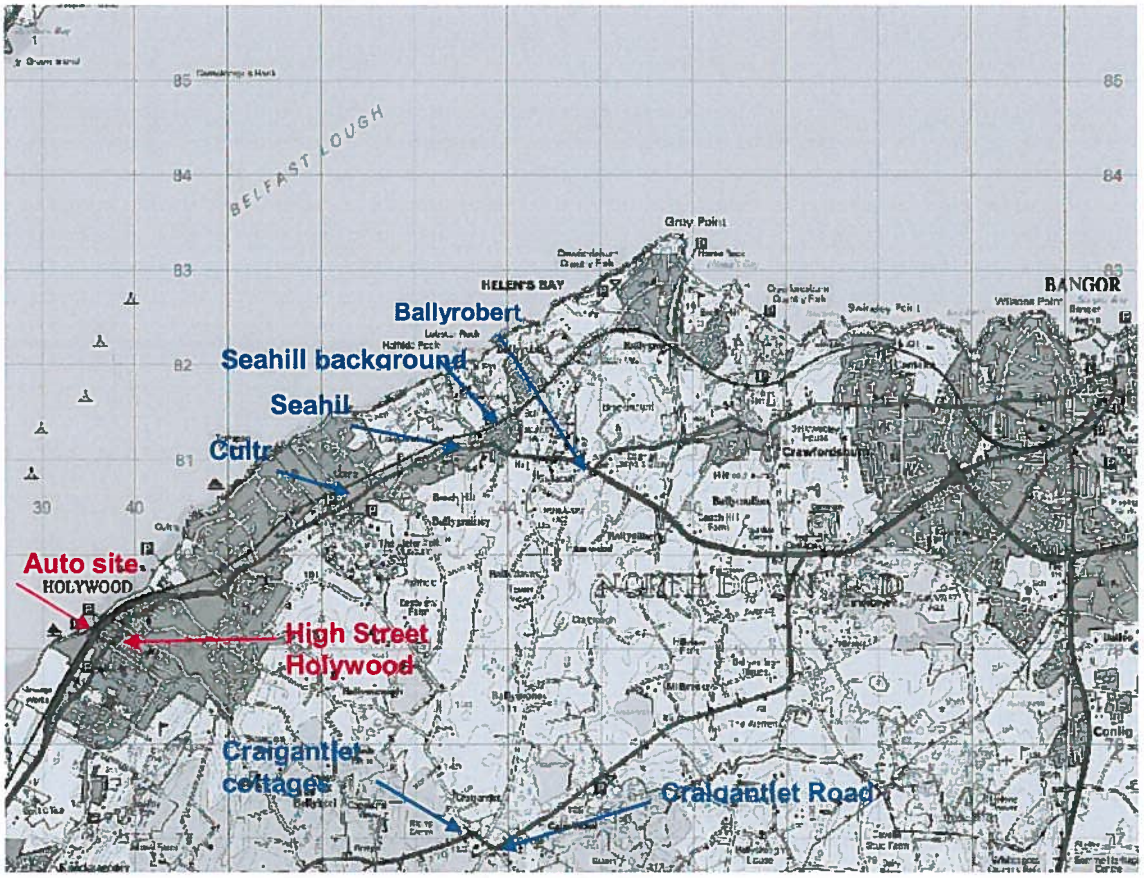
Table 2.1 Details of Automatic Monitoring Sites

Site Name	Site Type	OS Grid Ref		Pollutants Monitored	Monitoring Technique	In AQ MA ?	Relevant Exposure? (Y/N with distance (m) to relevant exposure)	Distance to kerb of nearest road (N/A if not applicable)	Does this location represent worst-case exposure?
Marine Parade Holywood A2	Roadside	X339481	Y379328	NO_2, PM_{10}	Chemiluminescence TEOM	NO	YES 30M	4.6M	YES

2.1.2 Non-Automatic Monitoring

North Down Borough Council presently has four NO_2 diffusion tube sites positioned along the main arterial route the A2 into Belfast. There is also a co-location study carried out at the Holywood automatic site. Two new sites were commenced in March 2012 at Craigantlet crossroads, due to proposals to widen this alternative route into Belfast close to residential property. In addition to these in February 2013 a tube was located in High Street Holywood beside new residential apartments, creating relevant exposure in this area. High street in Holywood has a tendency to become quite congested as this is the main shopping area within the town.
All the diffusion tubes have been sited in accordance with the technical guidance. The bias adjustment factor from the local Holywood co-location study is **0.79** and the results from this have been submitted to the national data base.
A decision was made to apply a bias adjustment factor of **0.80** to the diffusion tubes. This was derived from the national bias adjustment Factor Spread Sheet version number 03/14, information on the decision to use this bias adjustment factor and details of the QA/QC of the diffusion tubes can be found in appendix A.

Figure 2.2 Map(s) of Non-Automatic Monitoring Sites



Automatic site A2 Holywood	NO2 and PM10 (also co-located study)
Seahill	NO2 Diffusion Tubes
Seahill Background	NO2 Diffusion Tubes
Ballyrobert	NO2 Diffusion Tubes
Craigantlet Road	NO2 Diffusion Tubes
Craigantlet Cottages	NO2 Diffusion Tubes
High Street Holywood	NO2 Diffusion Tubes (new site)

Table 2.2 Details of Non- Automatic Monitoring Sites

Site Name	Site Type	X OS Grid Ref (Irish 1964)	Y OS Grid Ref (Irish 1964)	Pollutants Monitored	In AQMA?	Is monitoring collocated with a Continuous Analyser (Y/N)	Relevant Exposure? *(Y/N with distance (m) to relevant exposure)*	Distance to kerb of nearest road *(N/A if not applicable)*	Does this location represent worst-case exposure?
Holywood A2	Co-location	X339481	Y379328	NO_2	N	Y	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ballyrobert A2	Roadside	X345002	Y380823	NO_2	N	N	Y (<1m)	3m	Y
Seahill Background	Urban B'Ground	X344128	Y381294	NO_2	N	N	N\A	250m	Y
Seahill A2	Roadside	X343545	Y381102	NO_2	N	N	Y (<1m)	10m	Y
Cultra A2	Roadside	X342475	Y380672	NO_2	N	N	Y (<1m)	6.3m	Y
1 Craigantlet Road	Roadside	X343929	Y376920	NO_2	N	N	Y (<1m)	1.5m	Y
Craigantlet Cottages	Roadside	X343632	Y377049	NO_2	N	N	Y(20m)	0.5m	Y
High Street Holywood	Roadside	X339785	Y379119	NO_2	N	N	Y(20)	1.5	Y

2.2 Comparison of Monitoring Results with Air Quality Objectives

No exceedences of the AQS objectives have been identified from the monitoring data collected since the last Update and Screening Assessment. All monitored pollutant concentrations have been well below their respective air quality objective limits.

2.2.1 Nitrogen Dioxide

In the following section results are presented for NO_2 at the automatic and diffusion tube sites and compared with the objective. All sites meet the objective.

Automatic Monitoring results

Table 2.3a presents the annual mean concentrations of NO_2 determined at the automatic site in 2013 from the hourly measurements.

Figure 2.3 Trends in Annual Mean Nitrogen Dioxide Concentration Measured at Automatic Monitoring Sites.

Results have been consistent since installation of the automatic station. In 2009 and 2010 and 2013 there were a small number of exceedences of the hourly mean this was consistent of periods of unsettled weather. A high number of exceedences of the hourly mean were recorded in 2012, due to severe weather conditions a number of cars parked around the monitoring station during this period to gain access to the train, it is believed this contributed to the high hourly means.

Table 2.3a Results of Automatic Monitoring for Nitrogen Dioxide: Comparison with Annual Mean Objective

Site ID	Site Type	Within AQMA?	Valid Data Capture for period of monitoring %[a]	Valid Data Capture 2013 % [b]	Annual Mean Concentration µg/m^3				
					2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Marine Parade Holywood	Roadside	N	96.4	96.4	35	34	31	33	29

Table 2.3b Results of Automatic Monitoring for Nitrogen Dioxide: Comparison with 1-hour Mean Objective

Site ID	Site Type	Within AQMA?	Valid Data Capture for period of monitoring %[a]	Valid Data Capture 2013 % [b]	Number of Exceedences of Hourly Mean (200 µg/m^3)				
					2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Marine Parade Holywood	Roadside	N	96.4	96.4	4	8	0	18	8

Diffusion Tube Monitoring Data

Results of the NO_2 diffusion tube sites, situated within the Borough are shown below in table 2.4
They are located at relevant exposure and sited in accordance with the technical guidance.LAQM.TG(09)
These tubes continue to demonstrate that the objective for NO_2 is not being exceeded at these sensitive locations.

A co-location study has been carried out at the Holywood automatic site, creating a local bias of 0.73 the results of this have been submitted to be included in the the next update (June 2014) to the LAQM data base.
North Down Borough Council is located within the Eastern Group area of the Provence. There were 4 co-location studies carried out within this area in 2012 and the average of these was 0.75, a decision was made in 2012 to use that factor.
However as the number of co-location studies within the Eastern Group area in 2013 was reduced to two, a decision was made to use the national figure of 0.8.from the 03/14 version data base where 28 studies were available.
Details of the QA/QC for the diffusion tubes and the reason for the use of the bias adjustment factor can be found in appendix A

Table 2.4 Results of Nitrogen Dioxide Diffusion Tubes

Site ID	Location	Site Type	Within AQMA?	Triplicate or Co-located Tube	Full Calendar Year Data Capture 2013 (Number of Months)	2013 Annual Mean Concentration (µg/m^3) - Bias Adjustment factor = 0.80
	Holywood	Co-location	N	Co-location	11	45*
	Ballyrobert	Roadside	N	single	11	30
	Seahill Background	Roadside	N	single	11	10
	Seahill	Background	N	triplicate	11	16
	Cultra	Roadside	N	single	11	21
	1 Craigantlet Road	Roadside	N	single	10	19
	Craigantlet Cottages	Roadside	N	single	11	17
	High Street Holywood	Roadside	N	single	10	24

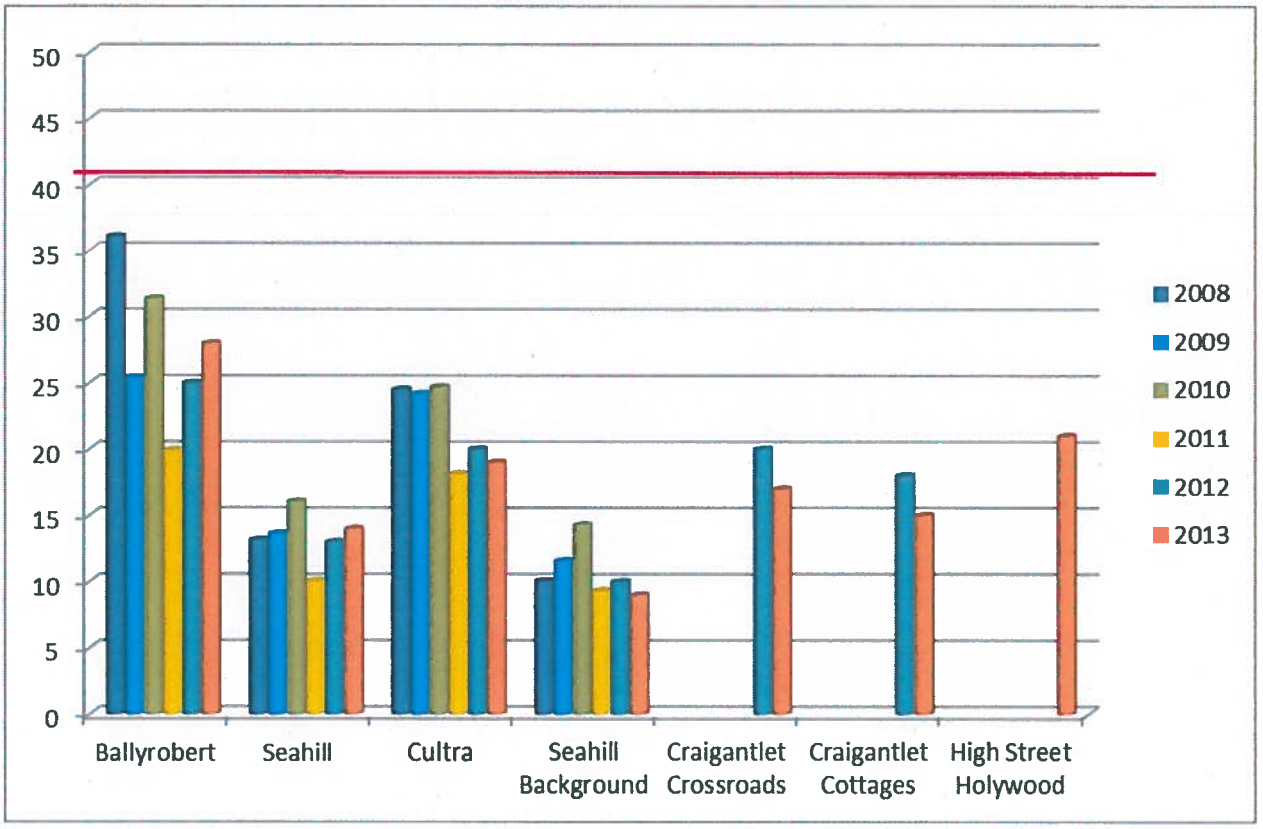
(*) No bias adjustment factor has been applied

Site ID	Site Type	Within AQMA?	Annual Mean Concentration (µg/m^3) - Adjusted for Bias [a]				
			2009 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.84)	2010 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.84)	2011 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.71)	2012 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.75)	2013 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.80)
Holywood (co-location)	Roadside	N	36*	38*	31*	45*	45*
Ballyrobert	Roadside	N	25	31	20	25	30
Seahill Background	Background	N	12	14	9	10	10
Seahill	Roadside	N	14	16	10	13	16
Cultra	Roadside	N	24	25	18	20	21
1 CraigantletRoad	Roadside	N				20	19
Craigantlet Cottages	Roadside	N				18	17
High Street Holywood	Roadside	N					24

(*) No bias adjustment factor has been applied

Figure 2.4 Trends in Annual Mean Nitrogen Dioxide Concentration Measured at Diffusion Tube Monitoring Sites.

NO_2 diffusion tube results have remained consistent any annual variation is more likely to be as a result of climatic conditions rather than changes in emissions.



2.2.2 PM_{10}

Automatic monitoring of PM_{10} using a TEOM carried out at the Holywood site, continued in 2013 to be below the air quality objective. . AQDM were contracted to carry out the QA/QC for the site and ratify the data. Site audits were carried out by NPL. Summaries of this data, with regard to annual and hourly mean objectives, are presented below. The TEOM data has been corrected using Volatile Correction Model
Reports from the ratified data and the QA/QC applied can be found in appendix A.

Table 2.5 Results of Automatic Monitoring for PM_{10}: Comparison with Annual Mean Objective

Site ID	Site Type	Within AQMA?	Valid Data Capture for Monitoring Period % [a]	Valid Data Capture 2012 % [b]	Confirm Gravimetric Equivalent (Y or N/A)	Annual Mean Concentration (µg/m^3)				
						2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Marine Parade Holywood	Roadside	N	95	95	N/A	26.2	28.7	26.3	19	21

Table 2.6 Results of Automatic Monitoring for PM_{10}: Comparison with 24-hour Mean Objective

Site ID	Site Type	Within AQMA?	Valid Data Capture for Monitoring Period % [a]	Valid Data Capture 2012 % [b]	Confirm Gravimetric Equivalent (Y or N/A)	Number of Daily Means > 50µg/m^3				
						2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Marine Parade Holywood	Roadside	N	95	95	N/A	4	8	6	6	7

Figure 2.5 Trends in Annual Mean PM_{10} Concentrations

PM10 has remained consistently low in Holywood

2.2.3 Sulphur Dioxide

North Down borough Council did not carry out any monitoring of SO_2 in 2013

2.2.4 Benzene

No monitoring of Benzene is carried out.

2.2.5 Other pollutants monitored

In 2013 Nitrogen Dioxide and PM_{10} were the only pollutants monitored

2.2.6 Summary of Compliance with AQS Objectives

North Down Borough Council Council has examined the results from monitoring in the Council area. Concentrations are all below the objectives; therefore there is no need to proceed to a Detailed Assessment.

3 New Local Developments

North Down Borough Council confirms that there are no new or newly identified local developments which may have an impact on air quality within the Local Authority area.

North Down Borough confirms that all the following have been considered:

- **Road traffic sources**
- **Other transport sources**
- **Industrial sources**
- **Commercial and domestic sources**
- **New developments with fugitive or uncontrolled sources.**

4 Planning Applications

There have been no new planning applications approved or pending that may have an impact on air quality

5 Conclusions and Proposed Actions

5.1 Conclusions from New Monitoring Data

The 2013 monitored data for NO_2 and PM_{10} has been assessed and has indicated no exceedences of the national air quality objectives. It is therefore not necessary to proceed to a detailed assessment, however monitoring will continue at key locations in 2014 to allow for comparison in future rounds of review and assessment.

5.2 Conclusions relating to New Local Developments

North Down Borough Council has found no new or significant new developments to have likely impacts on air quality.

5.3 Proposed Actions

This 2014 progress report for North Down Borough Council has identified there is no need to proceed to a detailed assessment for any of the pollutants.
Monitoring sites are sited in accordance with the guidance and at relevant exposure, no new significant sites have been identified.
North Down Borough Council intends to continue monitoring NO_2 and PM_{10} in 2014 and submit an update and screening assessment in 2015.

6 References

TG (2003) Part IV of the Environment Act 1995. Local Air Quality Management: Technical Guidance LAQM.TG(03). Guidance prepared by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs and the Devolved Administrations, January 2003.

TG (2009) Part IV of the Environment Act 1995. Local Air Quality Management: Technical
Guidance LAQM.TG(09). Guidance prepared by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs and the Devolved Administrations, February 2009

Appendices

Appendix A: QA/QC Data

Appendix A: QA/QC Data of automatic sites

North Down Borough Council commissioned AQDM (Air Quality Data Management) to provide the QA/QC of the automatic measurements of NO_2 and PM_{10} from their Holywood A2 site. Local authority staff act as the local site operator and visit the sites on a weekly basis carrying out any manual calibration or filter changes required. Audits of the site were carried out by NPL (National Physical Laboratory). on a six monthly basis.
Supportingu were employed to service and maintain the analysers.

Produced by AQDM on behalf of Eastern Group

NORTH DOWN HOLYWOOD A2 2013

These data have been fully ratified by AQDM to LAQM TG(09) standards

Site Description

Marine Highway

Air Quality Statistics

POLLUTANT	PM_{10}^{+}	PM_{10}^{*}	NO_2	NO	NO_X
Number Very High #	0		0-		-
Number High #	0		0-		-
Number Moderate #	7		8-		-
Number Low #	331		8441-		-
Maximum 15-minute mean		173 ug m^{-3}	166 µg m^{-3}	340 µg m^{-3}	680 µg m^{-3}
Maximum hourly mean	113 µg m^{-3}	102 µg m^{-3}	298 µg m^{-3}	369 µg m^{-3}	812 µg m^{-3}
Maximum running 8-hour mean	91 µg m^{-3}	67 µg m^{-3}	167 µg m^{-3}	229 µg m^{-3}	481 µg m^{-3}
Maximum running 24-hour mean	79 µg m^{-3}	53 µg m^{-3}	127 µg m^{-3}	126 µg m^{-3}	292 µg m^{-3}
Maximum daily mean	71 µg m^{-3}	43 µg m^{-3}	112 µg m^{-3}	125 µg m^{-3}	287 µg m^{-3}
Average	21 µg m^{-3}	18 µg m^{-3}	29 µg m^{-3}	22 µg m^{-3}	62 µg m^{-3}
Data capture	95%	97.2%	96.4 %	96.4 %	96.4 %

Daily Air Quality Index (DAQI) as defined by COMAP January 2012 and revised April 2013
+ PM_{10} as measured by a TEOM using the VCM for Indicative Gravimetric Equivalent
* PM_{10} as measured by a TEOM
Mass units are at 20'C and 1013mb.
NO_X mass units are NO_X as NO_2 µg m^{-3}

Air Quality Exceedences

Pollutant	Air Quality Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2003	Max Conc	Number	Days	Allowed	Exceeded
PM_{10} Particulate Matter (Gravimetric)	Daily mean > 50 ug m^{-3}	71 ug m^{-3}	7-	7	35 days	No
PM_{10} Particulate Matter (Gravimetric)	Annual mean > 40 ug m^{-3}	21 ug m^{-3}	0	-	-	No
Nitrogen Dioxide	Annual mean > 40 µg m^{-3}	29 ug m^{-3}	0	-	-	No
Nitrogen Dioxide	Hourly mean > 200 µg m^{-3}	298 ug m^{-3}	8	4	18 hours	No

QA/QC of Diffusion Tube Monitoring
The NO_2 tubes are supplied by ESG (Environmental Scientific Group) in Didcot Oxfordshire. Their preparation method is listed below.

Nitrogen Dioxide Diffusion Tube Analysis Report

The samples have been analysed in accordance with ESG's standard operating procedure HS/WI/1015 issue 15. This method meets the guidelines set out in DEFRA's 'Diffusion Tubes for Ambient NO_2 Monitoring: Practical Guidance.'

The tubes were prepared by spiking acetone:triethanolamine (50:50) onto the grids prior to the tubes being assembled. The tubes were desorbed with distilled water and the extract analysed using a segmented flow autoanalyser with ultraviolet detection. In the WASP intercomparison scheme for comparing spiked Nitrogen Dioxide diffusion tubes, Scientifics is currently ranked as a Category Good laboratory.This result can be found on the LAQM Support Web site
http://laqm.defra.gov.uk/diffusion-tubes/precision.html

Diffusion Tube Bias Adjustment Factors

North Down Borough Council lies within the Eastern Group area. There are five neighbouring councils within the group. In 2013 only North Down Borough Council and Castlereagh Bourough Council within the group carried out co-location studies. The bias adjustment factor calculation of these is shown below.
They were all calculated using the R&A support precision and accuracy spreadsheet.

http://laqm.defra.gov.uk/bias-adjustment-factors/co-location-data.html

and in accordance to current guidance summarized in the

Technical Guidance LAQM.TG(09).

These results have been submitted for inclusion in the national bias adjustment factor database.

Factor from Local Co-location Studies (if available)

North Down Borough Council 2013

Checking Precision and Accuracy of Triplicate Tubes

AEA Energy & Environment
From the AEA group

Diffusion Tubes Measurements										Automatic Method		Data Quality Check	
Period	Start Date dd/mm/yyyy	End Date dd/mm/yyyy	Tube 1 µgm^{-3}	Tube 2 µgm^{-3}	Tube 3 µgm^{-3}	Triplicate Mean	Standard Deviation	Coefficient of Variation (CV)	95% CI of mean	Period Mean	Data Capture (% DC)	Tubes Precision Check	Automatic Monitor Data
1	03/01/2013	29/01/2013	42.0	65.0	69.0	59	14.6	25	36.2	51	96	Poor Precision	Good
2	29/01/2013	26/02/2013	45.0	41.0	44.0	43	2.1	5	5.2	55	96	Good	Good
3	26/02/2013	05/04/2013	38.0	40.0	40.0	39	1.2	3	2.9	33	96	Good	Good
4	05/04/2013	30/04/2013	36.0	37.0	39.0	37	1.5	4	3.8	26	96	Good	Good
5	30/04/2013	06/06/2013	30.0	29.0	31.0	30	1.0	3	2.5	23	96	Good	Good
6	06/06/2013	02/07/2013	34.0	34.0	35.0	34	0.6	2	1.4	19	96	Good	Good
7	02/07/2013	30/07/2013	24.0	22.0	25.0	24	1.5	6	3.8	22	96	Good	Good
8	30/07/2013	27/08/2013	41.0	41.0	41.0	41	0.0	0	0.0	20	96	Good	Good
9	27/08/2013	01/10/2013	31.0	37.0	38.0	35	3.2	9	9.0	20	96	Good	Good
10	01/10/2013	29/10/2013	48.0	43.0	50.0	47	3.6	8	9.0	24	96	Good	Good
11	29/10/2013	08/12/2013	54.0	58.0		56	2.8	5	25.4	33	96	Good	Good
12													
13													
										Overall survey -->		Good precision	Good Overall DC

It is necessary to have results for at least two tubes in order to calculate the precision of the measurements

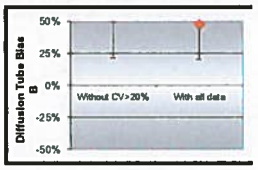
Site Name/ ID:

Precision: 10 out of 11 periods have a CV smaller than 20%

(Check average CV & DC from Accuracy calculations)

Accuracy (with 95% confidence interval) without periods with CV larger than 20%	
Bias calculated using 10 periods of data	
Bias factor A	0.71 (0.59 - 0.9)
Bias B	41% (11% - 70%)
Diffusion Tubes Mean:	39 µgm^{-3}
Mean CV (Precision):	5
Automatic Mean:	28 µgm^{-3}
Data Capture for periods used:	96%
Adjusted Tubes Mean:	27 (23 - 35) µgm^{-3}

Accuracy (with 95% confidence interval) WITH ALL DATA	
Bias calculated using 11 periods of data	
Bias factor A	0.73 (0.61 - 0.91)
Bias B	37% (9% - 64%)
Diffusion Tubes Mean:	40 µgm^{-3}
Mean CV (Precision):	6
Automatic Mean:	30 µgm^{-3}
Data Capture for periods used:	96%
Adjusted Tubes Mean:	30 (25 - 37) µgm^{-3}



Jaume Targa, for AEA

Castlereagh Borough Council 2013

Checking Precision and Accuracy of Triplicate Tubes

AEA Energy & Environment
From the AEA group

Diffusion Tubes Measurements										Automatic Method		Data Quality Check	
Period	Start Date dd/mm/yyyy	End Date dd/mm/yyyy	Tube 1 µgm^{-3}	Tube 2 µgm^{-3}	Tube 3 µgm^{-3}	Triplicate Mean	Standard Deviation	Coefficient of Variation (CV)	95% CI of mean	Period Mean	Data Capture (% DC)	Tubes Precision Check	Automatic Monitor Data
1	31/12/2013	01/02/2013	49.0	65.0	59.0	58	8.1	14	20.1	38	97	Good	Good
2	01/02/2013	01/03/2013	58.0	53.0	57.0	56	2.6	5	6.6	40	97	Good	Good
3	01/03/2013	04/04/2013	54.0	55.0	54.0	54	0.6	1	1.4	38	97	Good	Good
4	04/04/2013	02/05/2013	49.0	54.0	52.0	52	2.5	5	6.3	31	97	Good	Good
5	02/05/2013	06/06/2013	40.0	41.0	42.0	41	1.0	2	2.5	29	97	Good	Good
6	06/06/2013	02/07/2013	48.0	48.0	45.0	47	1.7	4	4.3	26	97	Good	Good
7	02/07/2013	29/07/2013	31.0	31.0	32.0	31	0.6	2	1.4	22	97	Good	Good
8	29/07/2013	29/08/2013	39.0	42.0	39.0	40	1.7	4	4.3	28	97	Good	Good
9	29/08/2013	30/09/2013	39.0	42.0	41.0	41	1.5	4	3.8	29	97	Good	Good
10	30/09/2013	31/10/2013	62.0	60.0	49.0	57	7.0	12	17.4	30	97	Good	Good
11	31/10/2013	10/12/2013	67.0	66.0	66.0	66	0.6	1	1.4	43	97	Good	Good
12													
13													
										Overall survey -->		Good precision	Good Overall DC

It is necessary to have results for at least two tubes in order to calculate the precision of the measurements

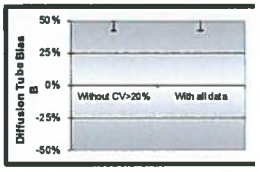
Site Name/ ID:

Precision: 11 out of 11 periods have a CV smaller than 20%

(Check average CV & DC from Accuracy calculations)

Accuracy (with 95% confidence interval) without periods with CV larger than 20%	
Bias calculated using 11 periods of data	
Bias factor A	0.65 (0.61 - 0.71)
Bias B	53% (42% - 65%)
Diffusion Tubes Mean:	49 µgm^{-3}
Mean CV (Precision):	5
Automatic Mean:	32 µgm^{-3}
Data Capture for periods used:	97%
Adjusted Tubes Mean:	32 (30 - 35) µgm^{-3}

Accuracy (with 95% confidence interval) WITH ALL DATA	
Bias calculated using 11 periods of data	
Bias factor A	0.65 (0.61 - 0.71)
Bias B	53% (42% - 65%)
Diffusion Tubes Mean:	49 µgm^{-3}
Mean CV (Precision):	5
Automatic Mean:	32 µgm^{-3}
Data Capture for periods used:	97%
Adjusted Tubes Mean:	32 (30 - 35) µgm^{-3}



Jaume Targa, for AEA

The local bias adjustment factor from the co-location study carried out at the A2 Holywood site in North Down Borough Council is **0.73**, however a decision was made to use the national bias adjustment factor of **0.80**.

NO_2 diffusion tube results, bias applied **0.80**

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Ballyrobert	25	31	20	25	30
Seahill	14	16	10	13	16
Cultra	24	25	18	20	21
Seahill Background	12	14	9	10	10
Craigantlet Crossroads				20	19
Craigantlet Cottages				18	17
High Street Holywood					24

Discussion of Choice of Factor to Use

A decision was made to use the national bias adjustment factor for Environmental Scientific Group.which is **0.80**
This figure can be found on the LAQM support web site
http://laqm.defra.gov.uk/bias-adjustment-factors/national-bias.html

In 2013 only 2 local co-location studies were carried out within the area (North Down bias 0.73 and Castlereagh bias 0.65) due to the large variation in these and as 28 studies were included in the national survey, the national bias was deemed to be more accurate.